# 15. a) Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities

# New York, 13 December 2006

**ENTRY INTO FORCE:** 3 May 2008, in accordance with article 13(1).

**REGISTRATION:** 3 May 2008, No. 44910. **STATUS:** Signatories: 93. Parties: 93.

TEXT: United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 2518, p. 283. Doc.A/61/611

*Note:* The above Optional Protocol was adopted on 13 December 2006 during the sixty-first session of the General Assembly by resolution <u>A/RES/61/106</u>. In accordance with its article 10, the Optional Protocol shall be open for signature by all signatory States and regional integration organizations of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities at United Nations Headquarters in New York as of 30 March 2007.

Participant Signa	ture	Formal confirm Accessic Ratifica	on(a),	Participant	Participant Signatur		Formal confirm Accessi re Ratifica	
Afghanistan		18 Sep	2012 a	Costa Rica	30 Mar	2007	1 Oct	2008
Algeria30 M	ır 2007			Côte d'Ivoire	7 Jun	2007		
Andorra27 Ap	r 2007	11 Mar	2014	Croatia	30 Mar	2007	15 Aug	2007
Angola		19 May	2014 a	Cyprus	30 Mar	2007	27 Jun	2011
Antigua and Barbuda30 M	ır 2007			Czech Republic	30 Mar	2007		
Argentina30 M	ır 2007	2 Sep	2008	Democratic Republic o	f			
Armenia30 M	ır 2007			the Congo			30 Sep	2015 a
Australia		21 Aug	2009 a	Denmark <sup>2</sup>			23 Sep	2014 a
Austria30 M	ır 2007	26 Sep	2008	Djibouti	•••		18 Jun	2012 a
Azerbaijan 9 Ja	2008	28 Jan	2009	Dominica	•••		1 Oct	2012 a
Bangladesh		12 May	2008 a	Dominican Republic	30 Mar	2007	18 Aug	2009
Belgium30 M	ır 2007	2 Jul	2009	Ecuador	30 Mar	2007	3 Apr	2008
Benin 8 Fe	2008	5 Jul	2012	El Salvador	30 Mar	2007	14 Dec	2007
Bolivia (Plurinational				Estonia			30 May	2012 a
State of) <sup>1</sup> 13 Au	g 2007	16 Nov	2009	Eswatini	25 Sep	2007	24 Sep	2012
Bosnia and				Fiji	2 Jun	2010		
Herzegovina29 Ju		12 Mar	2010	Finland	30 Mar	2007	11 May	2016
Brazil30 M		1 Aug	2008	France	23 Sep	2008	18 Feb	2010
Bulgaria18 De				Gabon	25 Sep	2007	26 Jun	2014
Burkina Faso23 M	-	23 Jul	2009	Gambia			6 Jul	2015 a
Burundi26 A <sub>I</sub>		22 May	2014	Georgia	10 Jul	2009		
Cambodia 1 Oc	t 2007			Germany	30 Mar	2007	24 Feb	2009
Cameroon 1 Oc	t 2008			Ghana	30 Mar	2007	31 Jul	2012
Central African	• • • •	44.0	• • • •	Greece	27 Sep	2010	31 May	2012
Republic 9 M	•	11 Oct	2016	Guatemala	30 Mar	2007	7 Apr	2009
Chad	•			Guinea	31 Aug	2007	8 Feb	2008
Chile		29 Jul	2008	Guinea-Bissau	_	2013	22 Oct	2018
Congo30 M	ır 2007	2 Sep	2014	Haiti			23 Jul	2009 a
Cook Islands		8 May	2009 a					

Participant Signatur	ca A	Formal confirmation(c), Accession(a), Ratification		Participant Signature		e	Formal confirmation(c), Accession(a), Ratification	
Honduras23 Aug		·	2010	San Marino	Ü		22 Feb	2008
Hungary30 Mar		•	2010	Saudi Arabia		2007	24 Jun	2008 a
Iceland30 Mar	2007	o Jui	2007	Senegal		2007	24 Juli	2000 a
Italy30 Mar		5 May	2009	Serbia	_	2007	31 Jul	2009
Jamaica30 Mar	2007	o iviay	2009	Seychelles		2007	31 341	200)
Jordan 30 Mar	2007			Sierra Leone		2007		
Kazakhstan 11 Dec	2008			Slovakia		2007	26 May	2010
Latvia22 Jan		1 Aug	2010	Slovenia	_	2007	24 Apr	2008
Lebanon	2007	1118	_010	Solomon Islands		2009	<b>-</b>	_000
Liberia30 Mar	2007			South Africa	_	2007	30 Nov	2007
Lithuania30 Mar		8 Aug	2010	Spain		2007	3 Dec	2007
Luxembourg30 Mar		U	2011	St. Vincent and the				
Madagascar25 Sep	2007	·······································		Grenadines			29 Oct	2010 a
Mali15 May		7 Apr	2008	Sudan			24 Apr	2009 a
Malta30 Mar		1	2012	Sweden	.30 Mar	2007	15 Dec	2008
Mauritania	3	3 Apr	2012 a	Syrian Arab Republic			10 Jul	2009 a
Mauritius25 Sep	2007			Thailand			2 Sep	2016 a
Mexico30 Mar	2007 13	7 Dec	2007	The former Yugoslav				
Mongolia	13	3 May	2009 a	Republic of	20 I-1	2000	20 D.	2011
Montenegro27 Sep	2007	2 Nov	2009	Macedonia		2009 2008	29 Dec 1 Mar	2011 2011
Morocco	8	8 Apr	2009 a	Togo				
Mozambique	30	0 Jan	2012 a	Tunisia		2007 2009	2 Apr	2008 2015
Namibia25 Apr	2007	4 Dec	2007	Turkey Turkmenistan	•	2009	26 Mar 10 Nov	2013 2010 a
Nepal 3 Jan	2008	7 May	2010	Uganda		2007	10 Nov 25 Sep	2010 a 2008
New Zealand <sup>3</sup>	4	4 Oct	2016 a	Ukraine		2007	4 Feb	2010
Nicaragua21 Oct	2008	2 Feb	2010	United Arab Emirates	-	2008	4100	2010
Niger 2 Aug	2007 24	4 Jun	2008	United Kingdom of	.12100	2000		
Nigeria30 Mar	2007 24	4 Sep	2010	Great Britain and				
Palau	1	1 Jun	2013 a	Northern Ireland	.26 Feb	2009	7 Aug	2009
Panama30 Mar	2007	7 Aug	2007	United Republic of				
Paraguay30 Mar	2007	3 Sep	2008	Tanzania	•	2008		2009
Peru30 Mar	2007 30	0 Jan	2008	Uruguay	•		28 Oct	2011 a
Portugal30 Mar	2007 23	3 Sep	2009	Venezuela (Bolivarian			24 8	2012 -
Qatar 9 Jul	2007			Republic of)		2007	24 Sep	2013 a
Republic of Moldova27 Sep	2018			Yemen	_	2007	26 Mar	2009
Romania25 Sep	2008			Zambia	•	2008	22 Can	2012 0
Rwanda	1:	5 Dec	2008 a	Zimbabwe	•		23 Sep	2013 a

**Declarations and Reservations** (Unless otherwise indicated, the declarations and reservations were made upon ratification, acceptance, approval or accession.)

#### **AZERBAIJAN**

"The Republic of Azerbaijan declares that it is unable to guarantee the application of the provisions of the Protocol in the territories occupied by the Republic of Armenia until these territories are liberated from occupation."

# EL SALVADOR<sup>1,4,5</sup>

#### **GUINEA-BISSAU**

The Republic of Guinea-Bissau does not recognize the competence of the Committee under articles 6 and 7 to conduct inquiries into serious and systematic violations of the Convention (Article 8).

#### SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

The Government of the Syrian Arab Republic declares that it does not recognize the competence of the

Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities ("the Committee") provided for in articles 6 and 7 of the Optional Protocol, in accordance with Article 8 of that Protocol, which provides that each State Party may, at the time of signature or ratification of the present Protocol or accession thereto, declare that it does not recognize the competence of the Committee provided for in articles 6 and 7.

#### TURKEY<sup>6</sup>

"Turkey declares that [its] ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities neither amounts to any form of recognition of the Greek Cypriot Administration's pretention to represent the defunct 'Republic of Cyprus' as party to that Protocol, nor should it imply any obligation on the part of Turkey to enter into any dealing with the so-called Republic of Cyprus within the framework of the said Protocol."

# Objections (Unless otherwise indicated, the objections were made upon ratification, acceptance, approval or accession.)

#### **AUSTRIA**

"The Government of Austria has examined the reservation to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and Optional Protocol thereto made by the Government of El Salvador.

According to its reservation, El Salvador envisages becoming Party to the Convention only to the extent that its provisions do not prejudice or violate the provisions of any of the precepts, principles and norms enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of El Salvador, particularly in its enumeration of principles. In the absence of further clarification, this reservation does not clearly specify the extent of El Salvador's derogation from the provisions of the Convention. This general and vague wording of the reservation raises doubts as to the degree of commitment assumed by El Salvador in becoming a party to the Convention and is therefore incompatible with international law.

The Government of Austria objects to the reservation made by the Government of the Republic of El Salvador to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and Optional Protocol thereto.

This objection, however, does not preclude the entry into force, in its entirety, of the Convention between Austria and El Salvador."

"The Government of Austria has examined the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey upon ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities adopted on 13 December 2006. It welcomes the ratification of the Optional Protocol by Turkey as a significant step for the promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities. However, as a member state of the European Union, Austria opposes the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey which describes another member state, the Republic of Cyprus, as a defunct entity."

#### **CYPRUS**

"The Republic of Cyprus has examined the declaration deposited by the Republic of Turkey upon ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (New York, 13 December 2006) on 26 March 2015, limiting the implementation of the provisions of the Convention and the Protocol, by excluding the Republic of Cyprus from the application of the Protocol at reference by the Republic of Turkey. The content of the declaration makes it tantamount in its

essence to a reservation. Such a reservation is contrary to the object and purpose of the Convention and its Protocol, as it prevents the realization of the cooperation between States Parties foreseen by the Convention and its Protocol. In addition, such a declaration / reservation also relies on the principle of reciprocity, which is incompatible with human rights' obligations assumed through this Convention. The legal reasoning, cited above, renders Turkey's declaration unacceptable, as the declaration under reference contravenes the letter and the spirit of the Convention and its Protocol. The Republic of Cyprus, therefore, objects to the aforesaid declaration made by the Republic of Turkey and considers the declaration null and void. This objection shall not preclude the entry into force of the Convention, in its entirety, between the Republic of Cyprus and the Republic of Turkey, without the Republic of Turkey benefiting from its declaration / reservation."

### **GREECE**

"... The Government of the Hellenic Republic has examined the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey upon ratification, on 26 March 2015, of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

The Republic of Turkey declares that its ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities should not imply any obligation on the part of Turkey to enter into any dealing with the Republic of Cyprus within the framework of the said Protocol.

In [the] view of the Government of the Hellenic Republic, the above declaration in fact amounts to a reservation, as it purports to exclude the application of the Protocol in Turkey's relations with the Republic of Cyprus. Such a reservation is incompatible with the principle that inter-State reciprocity has no place in the context of human rights treaties, which concern the endowment of individuals with rights. It is, therefore, contrary to the object and purpose of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and its Optional Protocol.

The Government of the Hellenic Republic recalls that, according to Article 14 paragraph 1 of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, reservations incompatible with the object and purpose of this Protocol shall not be permitted.

For the above reasons, the Government of the Hellenic Republic objects to the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey upon ratification of the said Protocol.

This objection shall not preclude the entry into force of the Protocol between the Hellenic Republic and the Republic of Turkey..."

#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> See Note 1 under "Bolivia (Plurinational State of)" in the "Historical Information" section.
- <sup>2</sup> Upon its accession of the Optional Protocol the Government of Denmark notified the Secretary-General that the Optional Protocol shall not apply to Greenland.
- <sup>3</sup> With a territorial exclusion. See C.N.721.2016.TREATIES-IV.15.a of 4 October 2016.
- <sup>4</sup> On 28 January 2010, the Secretary-General received from the Government of Germany the following communication relating to the declaration made by the Republic of El Salvador upon signature and confirmed upon ratification:

"The Federal Republic of Germany has carefully examined the aforementioned reservation.

The Federal Republic of Germany is of the opinion that reservations which consist in a general reference to a system of norms (like the constitution or the legal order of the reserving State) without specifying the contents thereof leave it uncertain to which extent that State accepts to be bound by the obligations under the treaty. Moreover, those norms may be subject to changes.

The reservation made by the Republic of El Salvador is therefore not sufficiently precise to make it possible to determine the restrictions that are introduced into the agreement.

The Federal Republic of Germany is therefore of the opinion that the reservation is incompatible with object and purpose of the Convention and the Protocol and would like to recall that, according to Article 46, paragraph 1 of the Convention, and Article 14, paragraph 1 of the Protocol, a reservation incompatible with the object and purpose of the Convention shall not be permitted.

The Federal Republic of Germany therefore objects to the above-mentioned reservation. This objection shall not preclude the entry into force of the Convention and the Protocol between the Federal Republic of Germany and the Republic of El Salvador."

On 18 March 2015, the Government of El Salvador informed the Secretary-General that it had decided to withdraw the following Reservation made upon signature and confirmed upon ratification:

The Government of the Republic of El Salvador signs the present Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and the Optional Protocol thereto, adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on 13 December 2006, to the extent that its provisions do not prejudice or violate the provisions of any of the precepts, principles and norms enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of El Salvador, particularly in its enumeration of principles.

<sup>6</sup> On 6 December 2016, the Secretary-General received from the Government of Portugal the following communication relating to the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey upon ratification:

"The Government of the Portuguese Republic has examined the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey upon ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities adopted on 13 December 2006.

It welcomes the ratification of the Optional Protocol by the Republic of Turkey since this is a significant step for the promotion of human rights, particularly the rights of those persons with disabilities.

Nevertheless, the Portuguese Republic, as a European Union Member State, opposes the declaration made by the Republic of Turkey since it describes another Member State, the Republic of Cyprus, as a defunct entity."