|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | |
|  | **FOR SECRETARIAT USE ONLY**  **A/HRC/34/L.38**  **Item 7**  **Received from (main sponsors): Pakistan (on behalf of the OIC), State of Palestine**  **Date and time: 17/03/2017, 15:20**  **Initials: MR**  **Page 1 of 4** | |  |

**Human Rights Council**

**Thirty-fourth session**

Agenda item 7

**Human rights situation in Palestine and other  
occupied Arab territories**

34/… **Ensuring accountability and justice for all violations of international law in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem**

*The Human Rights Council,*

**PP1** *Guided* by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

**PP2** *Recalling* the relevant rules and principles of international law, including international humanitarian law and human rights law, in particular the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, which is applicable to the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,

**PP3** *Recalling* *also* the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the other human rights covenants, including the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the Convention on the Rights of the Child,

**PP4** *Recalling* *also* the statement of 15 July 1999 and the declarations adopted on 5 December 2001 and on 17 December 2014 by the Conference of High Contracting Parties to the Fourth Geneva Convention on measures to enforce the Convention in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, where High Contracting Parties reaffirmed, inter alia, their commitment to uphold their obligation to ensure respect for the Convention in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,

**PP5** *Recalling* *further* its relevant resolutions, including resolution S-21/1, adopted on 23 July 2014, resolution A/HRC/RES/19/17, adopted on 22 March 2012, and resolution S-9/1, adopted on 12 January 2009,

**PP6** *Recalling also* the advisory opinion rendered on 9 July 2004 by the International Court of Justice on the legal consequences of the construction of a wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory,

**PP7** *Expressing its appreciation* to the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict, and all other relevant United Nations mechanisms, as well as treaty bodies and other United Nations bodies, for their reports,

**PP8** *Recognizing* the work of Palestinian, Israeli, and international civil society actors and human rights defenders in documenting and countering violations of international law in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,

**PP9** *Affirming* the obligation of all parties to respect international humanitarian law and international human rights law,

**PP10** *Emphasizing* the importance of the safety and well-being of all civilians and reaffirming the obligation to ensure the protection of civilians in armed conflict,

**PP11** *Gravely concerned* by reports regarding serious human rights violations and grave breaches of international humanitarian law, including possible war crimes, including the findings of the United Nations Independent International Fact-Finding Mission on the Gaza Conflict, of the United Nations independent international fact-finding mission to investigate the implications of Israeli settlements on the civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of the Palestinian people throughout the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, of the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict, and of the Boards of Inquiry convened by the Secretary-General,

**PP12** *Condemning* all violations of human rights and all violations of international humanitarian law, and appalled at the widespread and unprecedented levels of destruction, death and human suffering caused in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,

**PP13** *Stressing* the urgency of achieving without delay an end to the Israeli occupation that began in 1967, and affirming that this is necessary for upholding human rights and international law,

**PP14** *Deploring* the non-cooperation by Israel with all Human Rights Council fact-finding missions and the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict and the refusal to grant access to, and cooperate with, international human rights bodies and a number of United Nations special procedures seeking to investigate alleged violations of international law in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,

**PP15** *Regretting* the lack of implementation of the recommendations contained in the reports of the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict, the United Nations independent international fact-finding mission to investigate the implications of Israeli settlements on the civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of the Palestinian people throughout the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the United Nations Fact-Finding Mission on the Gaza Conflict, which follows a pattern of lack of implementation of recommendations made by United Nations mechanisms and bodies,

**PP16** *Alarmed* thatlong-standing systemic impunity for international law violations has allowed for the recurrence of grave violations without consequence, and *stressing* the need to ensure accountability for all violations of international humanitarian law and international human rights law in order to end impunity, ensure justice, deter further violations, protect civilians, and promote peace,

**PP17** *Regretting* the lack of progress in carrying out domestic investigations in line with international law standards, and aware of the existence of numerous legal, procedural, and practical obstacles in the Israeli civil and criminal legal system contributing to the denial of access to justice for Palestinian victims and of their right to an effective judicial remedy,

**PP18** *Emphasizing* the need for States to investigate and prosecute grave breaches of the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and other serious violations of international humanitarian law, to end impunity, uphold their obligations to ensure respect, and promote international accountability,

**PP19** *Noting* the accession by Palestine on 2 January 2015 to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court,

1. *Welcomes* the report of the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict;

2. *Calls upon* all duty bearers and United Nations bodies to pursue the implementation of the recommendations contained in the reports of the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict, the United Nations independent international fact-finding mission to investigate the implications of Israeli settlements on the civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of the Palestinian people throughout the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the United Nations Fact-Finding Mission on the Gaza Conflict, in accordance with their respective mandates;

3. *Notes* the importance of the work of the United Nations Independent Commission of Inquiry on the 2014 Gaza Conflict, the United Nations independent international fact-finding mission to investigate the implications of Israeli settlements on the civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of the Palestinian people throughout the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and the United Nations Fact-Finding Mission on the Gaza Conflict of 2009 and the information collected regarding grave violations in support of future accountability efforts, in particular, information on alleged perpetrators violating international law;

4. *Emphasizes* the need to ensure that all those responsible for violations of international humanitarian law and international human rights law are held to account, through appropriate, fair and independent domestic or international criminal justice mechanisms, as well as to ensure the provision of effective remedy to all victims, including full reparations, and *stresses* the need to pursue practical steps towards these goals to ensure justice for all victims and contribute to the prevention of future violations;

5. *Stresses* that all efforts to end the Israeli-Palestinian conflict should be grounded in respect for international humanitarian law and international human rights law and should ensure credible and comprehensive accountability for all violations of international law in order to bring about sustainable peace;

6. *Calls upon* the parties concerned to cooperate fully with the preliminary examination of the International Criminal Court and with any subsequent investigation that may be opened;

7. *Denounces* all acts of intimidation and threats directed at civil society actors and human rights defenders involved in documenting and countering violations of international law and impunity in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and calls upon all States to ensure their protection;

8. *Calls upon* all States to promote compliance with international law, and all High Contracting Parties to the Fourth Geneva Convention to respect, and to ensure respect for, international humanitarian law in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, in accordance with article 1 common to the Geneva Conventions, and to fulfil their obligations under articles 146, 147 and 148 of the said Convention with regard to penal sanctions, grave breaches, and the responsibilities of the High Contracting Parties including by ensuring that they do not become involved in internationally unlawful conduct;

9. *Recommends* that the General Assembly remain apprised of the matter until it is satisfied that appropriate action with regard to implementing the recommendations made by the United Nations Independent International Fact-Finding Mission on the Gaza Conflict in its report has been or is being taken appropriately at the domestic or international levels to ensure justice for victims and accountability for perpetrators;

10. *Requests* the High Commissioner to report on the implementation of the present resolution to the Council at its thirty-seventh session;

11. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.